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The Impact of Non-Accounting Ownership and Top Management Support on (ABC) Adoption among Service Companies in Jordan: Proposed Conceptual Framework

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Abstract

Accurate costing information is crucial for services businesses and information for strategic decision, to maintain a competitive advantage over its competitor's Traditional costing system leads to cost information distortion ,therefor the management of these businesses to Activity Based Costing (ABC) was introduced to address the shortcomings of traditional volume-based costing system. Prior research in developed countries showed impact adoption of ABC for many of companies for different sectors However in developing countries there are shortage in these studies. In order to achieve the high degree of adopting ABC in developing countries. This paper proposes a conceptual framework to investigate the factors influences on the success of ABC through non-accounting ownership, top management and ABC adoption among Service Companies listed on the Amman Stock Exchange (ASE)

Keywords: ABC success, ABC adoption, Jordan.

1. Introduction

In nowadays competitive and incessantly changing business atmosphere, businesses need to be observant of the forces of alter in the business environment and develop suitable strategies to carry on and grow. Numerous changes in organizations are straight results of the dispersion of improvements. Even though organization accounting record is not loaded in such improvements (Johnson & Kaplan, 1987; Malmi, 1990) the increase of activity-based costing (ABC) prepares an attractive chance to revision the methods of such improvement. The increase and usability of ABC systems has verified it to be the final management accounting way for all businesses looking for to discover an exact determine of their slide parts (Valanciene, 2007). The body of past research about the impact of ABC has formed varied facts. On one hand, supporters of ABC have argued that ABC aims to imprison the economics of construction processes, more strongly than customary cost-based systems, and may afford more perfect costing data (Cooper & kaplan, 1991; ittner, 1999). Previous research proposes that realization of ABC should lead to equipped and strategic advantages in organizations (Anderson, 1995; ittner, 1999) Researchers have disputed that operational profits may start from enhanced visibility into the Finances of the manufacture processes and fundamental charge drivers. Strategic benefits may happen from accessibility of better information for produce growth, sourcing, product blend and other strategic decisions service and has developed to cover most financial behaviors such as business, service, and industrial. People option to service although it might not be required by law.

2. Background

Jordan is a developing Arab country with a centralized state system. It is very attractive for foreign investments, due too many reasons such as safety, political stability and its central location in the Middle East .In view of the fact the industry sector in Jordan is separated into two: the first sector is Manufacturing (converting) part that contains of the Chemical, Electrical, Engineering and Construction, Food and Beverages, Glass and Ceramic, Tobacco and Cigarettes, Paper and Cartoon, Pharmaceutical and Medical, Printing and Packaging and Textiles and Leathers substantial .(Ministry of Planning Report, the Economic indicators 2007). On the other hand the most part in the economy is the service sector that includes 67% of the gross demotic product. Jordan has been a member from December 2000 in the world trading organization General Agreement on Trade in services and one of the seven Mediterranean associates that formally opened debates on liberalization on services and the right of institution at the Euro-Mediterranean Trade Ministerial Conference in Marrakech. Liberalization will prepare Jordan with contact to the European Union services market that it is the main in the world and prepares profits from European Union service technologies, company links and investment. (Ministry of Planning Report, the Economic indicators 2007)

3. Literature Review

In general activity based costing system play an important role in offering timely and exact important information to managers. Hence, they can make better decisions on business, which helps their firms achieve superior advantages over competitors (Fie, Z and Isa, 2010). Advancements in manufacturing and

communication technologies have drastically changed the ways businesses conduct their activities. Adoption of advanced manufacturing technologies such as robotics and computerized manufacturing have resulted in significant changes in the manufacturing cost structure which have led academics and practitioners to argue that the traditional costing methods are no longer sufficient within this new manufacturing environment (Johnson &Kaplan,1987)

ABC is an accounting technique that allows an organization to assign costs to products based on the resources they consume. It recognizes the causal relationship between cost drivers and cost activities by measuring the cost and performance of process-related activities and cost objects (MacArthur 1996). According to (Babad, 1993) ABC is an attitude providing accurate and helpful information that has direct effects in planned decisions about a company's fees, fertility analysis, customer-relationships, supply channels, employee management and production rules. A number of studies tested that ABC system was extensively measured by companies in industrial countries. Whereas, the amount to which these corporations had really implemented ABC system is much poorer (Green, 1992). Based on the contingency theory, researchers have argued that the reasons for different degrees of ABC success could be due to the different contextual factors faced by each firm (Fie, Z and Isa, 2010, Cooper & kaplan, 1991) previous effort to recognize the key factors that affect an ABC execution was reverberated by some 'factors studies' in ABC studies (Chongruksut W,2002); Shield,1995; Anderson, 1990; Malami, 1990 ; Ministry of Planning Report, the Economic indicators 2007). In a linear research of ABC accomplishment process in General Motors (GM) between 1986 and 1993(Anderson, 1990) approved (Cooper,1990) 'Factor-Stage' form to segment's ABC achievement into four steps such as initiation, adoption, adaptation and acceptance and found proof to connect key factors with different execution steps

4. The Conceptual Framework and Hypothesis Development

The characteristics of activity based costing system adoption are integrated in one conceptual framework. Figure (1) explains the propose framework. In this conceptual framework, the main factor ABC successes by (non-accounting ownership, top management support) and ABC adoption independent and dependent variables respectively. The current study thus attempts to bridge the gap by providing a basis for discerning the impact the ABC factor successes. Through use this figure and the hypotheses that are developed from the conceptual framework.



Figure 1: ABC success factor in ABC adoption

4.1 Non Accounting Ownership

When ABC is had possession of simply by accountants, there is a risk that it might be used only to please their requirements. A significant reason about some companies have not had good execution knowledge is that the accountants have keep possession and have not succeed in distribution possession with non-accountants. Krumwidevsurveyed U.S service firms to study how organizational factors, such as topmanagement support, training or non-accounting ownership, affect each stage of ABC adoption process and ABC (Sheild, 1985; Johnson, 1987; Shield, 1996; Norries, 1995; Mohammed, 2007). So because of this both accountants and non-accountants should be seen as the proprietors of the new system. Non-accountants should be concerned in the primary decisions to devote in ABC, and in the plan and performance of ABC. So, the chances that non-accountants will hold and support ABC and be dedicated to its use and success will rise.ABC adoption. On the other hand(Cooper,1992) they found accounting staff can be retain and give effective role on ABC adoption and implemenaiation Moreover, Organizational factors, such as top management support,

Non-accounting ownership, affect ABC success adoption. In Malaysia, (Ruhanita ,2006) conducted by mail survey and case study they found top management support, Non-accounting ownership link ABC toperformance measure and compensation influenced the ABC success adoption significantly. From the aforementioned discussion, it is argued that there is a potential relationship between none accounting ownership and ABC adoption. Thus, the following hypothesis is developed:

H₁: The Non-accounting ownership is positively related to ABC adoption among Jordanian listed services companies

4. 2Top Management Support

The previous studies on innovation mentioned that is The stringent factors for the success of an innovation(Walton,1987; Hoffman,1999; Scott,1994).where the maximum ranking managements such as chairman or chairwoman, chief executive officer, managing director, president, executive directors, executive vice presidents that is responsible for the entire enterprise.(Cobb,1992;Johnson,1987;Lana,2007; Sheild,1995;Sheild,1996;Taba,2005).they conducted through survey targeted sites in US top management support the main factor can give the high degree in ABC implementation system .Moreover , (Ruhanita ,2006) a conducted by mail survey and case study they found top management support link ABC to performance measure and compensation influenced the ABC success adoption significantly.

Top management explains the policy into aims, goals, and plans, and projects a shared vision of the opportunity. It makes decisions that have an effect on everyone in the business and is detained completely accountable for the achievement or failure of the project.(Gosselin,1997) Surveyed U.S manufacturing firms to study how organizational factors, such as topmanagement support, affect each stage of ABC adoption processSo because of this both accountants and non-accountants should be seen as the proprietors of the new system. Considering the earlier discussion, we find that there is have a relationship between top management support and ABC adoption thus the following hypothesis is proposed:

H2: The top management support is positively related toABC adoption among Jordanian listed services companies

5. Summary and Conclusions

In view of the discussion in the previous sections, the Following framework is proposed, depicted by Figure 1, forthis research. Prior research test the relationship betweenABC success and many factors such as behavioral and organizational variables hence In particular, this paper intends to investigate the roles of the ABC successes factors on ABC adoption among service companies listed on the Amman Stock Exchange (ASE). The study serves as a wake-up call for reforming the management in Jordan. To achieve this characteristics are proposed, namely, Non-accounting ownership, top management supporton the other hand the two hypotheses are developed to validate the hypothesis survey research will be undertaken.

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